

## *In-situ* growth of manganese oxide/bamboo powder nanocomposites with excellent activity in methylene blue removal

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## ABSTRACT

Cellulose is rich in sources and contains a large number of hydroxyl groups in the molecule, which can be used as the carrier of nanomaterials and reducing agents of  $KMnO_4$ . Manganese oxide  $(MnO_2)/bamboo$  powder nanocomposites were prepared at 60°C using wood powder as a reducing agent and nanomaterials carrier.  $KMnO_4$  was utilized as an oxidant and manganese source of  $MnO_2$  nanoparticles. Methylene blue was used as the target pollutant to test the activity of nanocomposites. Under neutral conditions, the removal efficiency of methylene blue reached 98.5% under room temperature and atmospheric pressure, and the maximum adsorption capacity of the nanocomposite reached in 10 min.

Keywords: Wood powder; Manganese oxide; Composite material; Methylene blue; Wastewater treatment

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